RESEARCH SERVICES

Travel Activities and Motivations of U.S. Residents: Activity Profile

Fishing while on Trips

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Acknowledgments

The 2006 Travel Activities and Motivations Survey (TAMS), was a comprehensive survey of North American households designed to examine the recreational activities and travel habits and behaviours of Americans and Canadians over the past two-year period.

The survey was conducted in Canada and the United States between January 2006 and June 2006. Only adults (18 years and over) were recruited to complete the survey. The reference period for the data is 2004 and 2005.

TAMS was a partnership of the following organizations:

The Ontario Ministry of Tourism
The Ontario Tourism Marketing Partnership
The Canadian Tourism Commission
The Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency
The Department of Canadian Heritage
Parks Canada
Statistics Canada

The Quebec Ministry of Tourism
Tourism Manitoba
Tourism Saskatchewan
Alberta Economic Development
Tourism British Columbia
The Government of Yukon
The Government of Northwest Territories

Alex Athanassakos of the Ontario Ministry of Tourism served as the project manager for the TAMS partnership.

This report was prepared by Lang Research Inc. on behalf of the project partners and was subject to minor revisions for a British Columbian audience. Tourism British Columbia is pleased to acknowledge the major and continuing role played by the Ontario Ministry of Tourism in the TAMS partnership.

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Executive Summary

Over the last two years, 14.6% (32,072,450) of adult Americans went fishing while on an out-of-town trip of one or more nights. Of those who fished, 40.9% (13,125,640) reported that this activity was the main reason for taking at least one trip in the past two years.

Those who went fishing while on trips tend to be male, married and 35 to 54 years old. Their household incomes and level of education are comparable to that of the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler. They are most likely to reside in Alaska, the West North Central and the Mountain regions of the United States, and in smaller cities, towns and rural areas.

Anglers were slightly more likely than the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler to have taken a trip to Canada in the past two years (17.9% versus 14.6%), and especially a trip to Ontario. In relative terms, they are also over-represented among U.S. Pleasure Travelers to Manitoba, Saskatchewan, the Yukon or the Northwest Territories, and Alberta.

Anglers were active in many other nature-oriented outdoor activities while on trips (e.g., wildlife viewing, hiking, climbing and paddling). Relative to the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler, they were especially likely to have gone hunting, boating, swimming, snowmobiling and ATVing, extreme skiing, cross-country skiing and snowshoeing.

Anglers were more likely than the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler to have participated in activities with a western theme (e.g., equestrian or western events) or a sports-related theme (e.g., amateur tournaments). They were more likely than the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler to have stayed in public campgrounds and accommodations in wilderness settings (e.g., lodge or outpost, campsite). Anglers may be responsive to travel packages that incorporate nature and wilderness-oriented activities.

Anglers tend to consult the Internet for planning trips, but are slightly less likely than the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler to book travel online. Anglers are more likely than the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler to obtain information about travel from trade, travel and sports shows, as well as television programs and advertising.

Their media preferences include magazines, television programs and websites that are oriented toward nature and sports. As such, these media are likely to be the more effective means by which to reach Anglers.



Travel Activity and Motivation Survey (TAMS)

The TAMS survey examines the recreational activities and travel habits of Canadians and Americans. The survey examines out-of-town travel behaviour of one or more nights over the past two years, providing detailed information on Travelers' activities, travel motivators, places visited, type of accommodation used, impressions of Canada, its provinces and territories, demographics and media consumption patterns.

TAMS represents a comprehensive assessment of travel behaviour and motivators and provides a rich and authoritative database by which to develop marketing strategies and travel products to attract visitors to Canada. In particular, TAMS was designed to:

- Identify existing and potential tourism markets;
- Measure the likelihood of these tourism markets being attracted to vacation experiences in Canada;
- Create packaging opportunities for each of these markets;
- Determine how to reach these markets (i.e., in terms of media strategies); and,
- o Provide information on how to fine-tune and target existing marketing campaigns.

TAMS was sponsored by the following organizations:

Ontario Ministry of Tourism
Ontario Tourism Marketing Partnership
Canadian Tourism Commission
Atlantic Canada Tourism Partnership
Department of Canadian Heritage
Parks Canada
Government of Northwest Territories

Quebrated
Tourism Partnership
Albert Tourism Partnership
Statist

Quebec Ministry of Tourism
Tourism Manitoba
Tourism Saskatchewan
Alberta Economic Development
Tourism BC
Government of Yukon
Statistics Canada

The survey was conducted in Canada and the United States between January 2006 and June 2006 and it included only adults (18 years and over). As such, the reference period for the data is 2004 and 2005.

The U.S. database is used in this current report. This survey was conducted by mail with an established U.S. mail panel. 60,649 completed questionnaires were returned. The mail panel response rate for this survey was 71.3%. The data have been weighted to project the results to the United States population.

This report profiles persons who went fishing while on vacation with other U.S. Pleasure Travelers (i.e., those who took one pleasure trip in the last two years). This report is part of a series of 43 Activity Reports prepared employing the U.S. TAMS database.



Fishing While on Trips

Market Incidence

Over the last two years, 14.6% (32,072,450) of adult Americans fished while on an out-of-town trip of one or more nights. 11.4% reported going "fresh-water fishing" while on a trip, 5.5% went "salt-water fishing," 1.0% went "ice fishing" and 0.6% went "trophy fishing."

Of those who fished, 40.9% (13,125,640) reported that fishing was the main reason for taking at least one trip in the past two years. Those who went ice fishing (60.7%) were the most likely to mention that this activity was the main reason for taking a trip.

Fig. 1 Incidence of Fishing While on Trips¹

| | Number of Anglers ² | Percent Main Reason for Trip ³ | Percent of Pleasure Travelers ⁴ | Percent of Total U.S. Population ⁵ |
|---|--------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Size of Market | 32,072,450 | 13,125,640 | 170,510,241 | 222,846,268 |
| Fishing (All Activities) | 32,072,450 | 40.9% | 18.8% | 14.6% |
| Fresh-water fishing | 25,010,111 | 39.7% | 14.7% | 11.4% |
| Salt-water fishing | 12,262,781 | 34.7% | 7.2% | 5.5% |
| Ice fishing | 2,304,012 | 60.7% | 1.4% | 1.0% |
| Trophy fishing | 1,321,237 | 53.5% | 0.8% | 0.6% |
| Participated in all four fishing activities | 136,145 | 40.8% | 0.1% | 0.1% |

- 1 "Trips" are defined as out-of-town trips for any purpose involving an overnight stay of one or more nights. Trips NOT involving overnight stays are NOT examined in this report.
- 2 "Anglers" are defined as individuals who went fishing while on an out-of town trip of one or more nights during the past two years and who took at least one out-of-town pleasure trip of one or more nights during the past two years. This column reports the number of individuals who participated in the activity on at least one trip during the last two years.
- 3 This column reports the percent who participated in each activity who stated that the activity was the main reason for taking at least one trip during the past two years.
- 4 "Pleasure Travelers" are defined as individuals who have taken at least one out-of-town pleasure trip of one or more nights in the last two years. This column reports the percent of Pleasure Travelers who participated in each activity on at least one trip during the last two years.
- 5 This column reports the percent of the Total U.S. Adult Market who participated in each activity on a trip during the past two years.



Market Incidence by Activity

Of the 32.1 million American travellers who fished on at least one overnight pleasure trip in 2004-05, almost eighty percent went fresh water fishing (78.0% representing 25.0 million) while less than ten percent went ice fishing (7.2% representing 2.3 million) or trophy fishing (4.1% representing 1.3 million). Over a third went salt water fishing (38.2% representing 12.3 million) and less than one percent participated in all four fishing activities.

Almost fifty percent of pleasure travellers who went salt water fishing also went fresh water fishing (46.5%). While less than ten percent of travellers who went fresh water fishing also went ice fishing (7.5%), slightly over 80% of those who went ice fishing and 70% of those who went trophy fishing also reported fresh water fishing on at least one overnight pleasure trip in 2004-05.

Fig. 2 Incidence of Fishing by Activity Type While on Trips

| | Fishing (All Activities) | Fresh Water Fishing | Salt-water Fishing | Ice Fishing | Trophy Fishing | All Four Fishing Activities |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Market Size | 32,072,450 | 25,010,111 | 12,262,781 | 2,304,012 | 1,321,237 | 136,145 |
| Fresh-water fishing | 25,010,111 | 25,010,111 | 5,707,403 | 1,881,057 | 935,744 | 136,145 |
| 1 restrict nothing | 78.0% | 100% | 46.5% | 81.6% | 70.8% | 100% |
| Salt-water fishing | 12,262,781 | 5,707,403 | 12,262,781 | 664,202 | 721,243 | 136,145 |
| Sait-water listling | 38.2% | 22.8% | 100.0% | 28.8% | 54.6% | 100% |
| Ice fishing | 2,304,012 | 1,881,057 | 664,202 | 2,304,012 | 270,917 | 136,145 |
| ice listing | 7.2% | 7.5% | 5.4% | 100% | 20.5% | 100% |
| Trophy fishing | 1,321,237 | 935,744 | 721,243 | 270,917 | 1,321,237 | 136,145 |
| | 4.1% | 3.7% | 5.9% | 11.8% | 100% | 100% |
| Double in add in all form fishing activities | 136,145 | 136,145 | 136,145 | 136,145 | 136,145 | 136,145 |
| Participated in all four fishing activities | 0.4% | 0.5% | 1.1% | 5.9% | 10.3% | 100% |

Table percentages should be read horizontally as a percentage of the total size of the column fishing activity. For example, 22.8% of anglers who went fresh water fishing (column) also went salt water fishing (row).



Incidence by Region, State and Population Size

Anglers are well-represented in all regions of the United States. Relative to the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler, Anglers are over-represented in Alaska, the West North Central and the Mountain regions of the U.S., as well as in the smaller cities, towns and rural areas.

Fig. 3 Geographic Distribution and Population Size of Those Who Fish While on Trips

| | | | Percent of | Percent of Total |
|----------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | | | Pleasure Travelers | Regional |
| | | Estimated | in Region Who | Population Who |
| | Total | Number of | Went Fishing | Went Fishing |
| | Population | Anglers | on a Trip | on a Trip |
| United States | 222,846,268 | 32,072,450 | 18.8% | 14.6% |
| New England | 11,095,629 | 1,101,876 | 12.9% | 10.0% |
| Middle Atlantic | 31,005,526 | 3,534,507 | 15.3% | 11.5% |
| East North Central | 34,621,254 | 5,276,458 | 19.8% | 15.4% |
| West North Central | 15,024,360 | 3,072,222 | 25.5% | 20.7% |
| South Atlantic | 42,602,998 | 5,819,002 | 18.1% | 13.8% |
| East South Central | 13,597,436 | 1,926,173 | 20.2% | 14.7% |
| West South Central | 24,853,901 | 3,587,549 | 19.8% | 14.6% |
| Mountain | 15,030,720 | 2,678,501 | 22.1% | 18.0% |
| Pacific | 34,529,689 | 4,822,997 | 17.3% | 14.1% |
| Alaska | 484,754 | 253,166 | 59.9% | 52.6% |
| Not Available | 745,757 | 305,725 | 49.3% | 41.3% |
| Less than 100,000 | 29,429,442 | 4,690,108 | 22.6% | 16.3% |
| 100,000 to 499,999 | 36,551,501 | 5,736,690 | 21.1% | 15.8% |
| 500,000 to 1,999,999 | 52,335,815 | 7,704,830 | 19.3% | 14.9% |
| 2,000,000 or more | 103,783,753 | 13,635,097 | 16.6% | 13.3% |

Those who go fishing while on trips are especially likely to be from Alaska, Minnesota, Wyoming, New Mexico and Idaho. They are least likely to be from Rhode Island, Vermont, New Hampshire, Connecticut and New York State (see Fig. 4 on next page).



Fig. 4 Those Who Go Fishing While on Trips by U.S. State

| Fig. 4 Those Who Go Fishing While on Trips by U.S. State | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Region | State | Population of State | Estimated Number of Anglers | Percent of Pleasure Travelers in State | Percent of State Population | |
| United States | All States | 222,846,268 | 32,072,450 | 18.8% | 14.6% | |
| New England | Connecticut | 2,685,692 | 261,035 | 12.6% | 10.0% | |
| | Maine | 1,047,770 | 103,331 | 14.3% | 9.9% | |
| | Massachusetts | 4,423,562 | 515,674 | 14.7% | 11.7% | |
| | New Hampshire | 1,604,344 | 125,391 | 10.5% | 7.8% | |
| | Rhode Island | 837,445 | 60,671 | 8.7% | 7.2% | |
| | Vermont | 496,816 | 35,775 | 9.3% | 7.2% | |
| Middle | New Jersey | 6,708,501 | 855,129 | 16.4% | 13.0% | |
| Atlantic | New York | 14,727,054 | 1,538,858 | 14.0% | 10.5% | |
| | Pennsylvania | 9,569,972 | 1,140,519 | 16.7% | 12.0% | |
| East | Illinois | 9,521,097 | 1,349,562 | 18.2% | 14.3% | |
| North | Indiana | 4,717,624 | 684,996 | 19.1% | 14.7% | |
| Central | Michigan | 7,709,890 | 1,325,334 | 22.1% | 17.3% | |
| | Ohio | 8,412,962 | 958,471 | 15.5% | 11.4% | |
| | Wisconsin | 4,259,682 | 958,095 | 27.8% | 22.5% | |
| West | lowa | 2,262,393 | 371,261 | 20.8% | 16.6% | |
| North | Kansas | 2,304,474 | 340,379 | 19.2% | 14.8% | |
| Central | Minnesota | 3,946,220 | 1,171,623 | 34.7% | 30.0% | |
| | Missouri | 4,138,758 | 725,965 | 22.7% | 17.8% | |
| | Nebraska | 1,304,361 | 237,603 | 22.7% | 18.6% | |
| | North Dakota | 488,140 | 118,779 | 28.9% | 24.3% | |
| | South Dakota | 580,015 | 106,611 | 23.7% | 19.0% | |
| South | Delaware | 646,427 | 106,964 | 21.9% | 17.1% | |
| Atlantic | District of Columbia | 521,285 | 50,099 | 14.4% | 9.6% | |
| | Florida | 13,937,467 | 1,579,976 | 14.7% | 11.7% | |
| | Georgia | 6,668,302 | 1,075,431 | 21.1% | 16.2% | |
| | Maryland | 3,428,206 | 397,007 | 14.9% | 11.6% | |
| | North Carolina | 6,651,453 | 1,200,433 | 24.4% | 18.2% | |
| | South Carolina | 3,241,944 | 333,136 | 14.1% | 10.3% | |
| | Virginia | 5,957,159 | 867,597 | 18.9% | 14.6% | |
| | West Virginia | 1,550,755 | 208,359 | 23.9% | 13.4% | |
| East | Alabama | 3,431,591 | 487,833 | 20.2% | 14.2% | |
| South | Kentucky | 3,447,277 | 492,587 | 20.2% | 14.5% | |
| Central | Mississippi | 2,156,793 | 305,669 | 22.1% | 15.6% | |
| | Tennessee | 4,561,775 | 640,084 | 19.3% | 14.9% | |
| West | Arkansas | 2,103,346 | 305,814 | 21.5% | 15.1% | |
| South | Louisiana | 3,367,908 | 397,374 | 17.6% | 11.8% | |
| Central | Oklahoma | 2,643,565 | 519,090 | 27.5% | 19.6% | |
| | Texas | 16,739,082 | 2,365,270 | 18.8% | 14.4% | |
| Mountain | Arizona | 4,451,660 | 563,415 | 16.0% | 12.7% | |
| | Colorado | 3,501,822 | 662,078 | 22.9% | 19.0% | |
| | Idaho | 1,044,920 | 249,795 | 30.4% | 23.9% | |
| | Montana | 726,027 | 121,508 | 20.2% | 17.3% | |
| | Nevada | 1,809,582 | 278,562 | 19.2% | 15.4% | |
| | New Mexico | 1,433,596 | 337,530 | 30.7% | 24.1% | |
| | Utah | 1,671,322 | 353,349 | 25.2% | 21.7% | |
| | Wyoming | 391,790 | 112,263 | 33.7% | 29.8% | |
| | Alaska | 484,754 | 253,166 | 59.9% | 52.6% | |
| Pacific | | | , | | + | |
| Pacific | | 26.965.837 | 3.534.241 | 16.1% | 13.2% | |
| Pacific | California Oregon | 26,965,837 2,793,303 | 3,534,241 555,899 | 16.1% 25.8% | 13.2% 20.1% | |



Demographic Profile

Anglers tend to be male, married and to have children who are under 18 living at home. They are over-represented among those 35 to 54. They are somewhat less likely to have a post-graduate degree although their household incomes are comparable to those of the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler.

Fig. 5 Demographic Profile of Anglers Relative to All U.S. Pleasure Travelers

| | 1 19. 0 2011109.4011101 101110 017 1119 | | | | |
|----------------|---|------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| | | | 4 | Pleasure | 2 |
| | | Anglers | Non-Anglers ¹ | Travelers | Index ² |
| Attribute | Size of Market | 32,072,450 | 138,437,791 | 170,510,241 | 100 |
| Gender | Male | 58.6% | 46.2% | 48.5% | 121 |
| | Female | 41.4% | 53.8% | 51.5% | 80 |
| Age of | 18 to 24 | 11.7% | 10.6% | 10.8% | 108 |
| Respondent | 25 to 34 | 21.8% | 20.8% | 21.0% | 104 |
| | 35 to 44 | 19.5% | 16.8% | 17.3% | 113 |
| | 45 to 54 | 22.7% | 20.7% | 21.0% | 108 |
| | 55 to 64 | 15.1% | 15.6% | 15.5% | 97 |
| | 65 Plus | 9.3% | 15.6% | 14.4% | 64 |
| Average Age | | 43.4 | 45.9 | 45.4 | N/A |
| Marital Status | Not married | 25.1% | 31.8% | 30.5% | 82 |
| | Married | 74.9% | 68.2% | 69.5% | 108 |
| Parental | No children under 18 | 64.3% | 71.3% | 70.0% | 92 |
| Status | Children under 18 | 35.7% | 28.7% | 30.0% | 119 |
| Education | High school or less | 22.3% | 20.1% | 20.5% | 109 |
| | Trade, Technical, Community Col. | 23.4% | 20.9% | 21.4% | 110 |
| | University Degree | 40.3% | 41.2% | 41.1% | 98 |
| | Post Graduate Degree | 14.0% | 17.8% | 17.1% | 82 |
| Household | Under \$20,000 | 6.9% | 8.4% | 8.1% | 85 |
| Income | \$20,000 to \$39,999 | 15.2% | 16.5% | 16.2% | 94 |
| | \$40,000 to \$59,999 | 17.3% | 16.5% | 16.7% | 104 |
| | \$60,000 to \$79,999 | 15.9% | 14.4% | 14.7% | 108 |
| | \$80,000 to \$99,999 | 12.0% | 11.5% | 11.6% | 103 |
| | \$100,000 to \$149,999 | 15.5% | 14.1% | 14.4% | 108 |
| | \$150,000 or more | 6.5% | 6.7% | 6.7% | 97 |
| | Not stated | 10.7% | 11.9% | 11.7% | 92 |
| Average Housel | nold Income | \$76,138 | \$73,873 | \$74,303 | N/A |

^{1 - &}quot;Non-Anglers" are defined as individuals who took at least one out-of-town pleasure trip of one or more nights during the past two years but did not go fishing on any trip. The numbers of Anglers and Non-Anglers equal the number of Pleasure Travelers.



^{2 -} The "Index" is calculated by dividing the percent for Anglers in each group by the percent of Pleasure Travelers in each group. The Index indicates the extent to which Anglers are over or under-represented relative to the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler. An index of 100 means the percent participating in the activity is the same as that of the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler. Index values over 100 indicate that those participating in the activity are over-represented relative to the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler. Index values less than 100 indicate that those participating in the activity are under-represented relative to the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler.

Demographic Profile by Fishing Activity

American Pleasure Travellers who went ice and/or trophy fishing are slightly more likely to be male than travellers who went fresh and/or salt water fishing. All types of anglers tend to be married while those who fresh water fish on overnight trips are slightly more likely to have children under the age of 18 at home than those who salt water/ice or trophy fish. Over a third of all anglers have at least a university degree while salt water and trophy anglers are more likely to have higher household incomes.

Readers should note the demographic differences between the individual fishing activities presented in this table and consider these differences when interpreting tables that present aggregated 'angler' values.

Fig. 6 Demographic Profile of Types of Anglers

| | | | Fresh | 0-14-14/-4 | | Taradas |
|----------------|----------------------------------|----------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| | | Anglers | Water Anglers | Salt Water Anglers | Ice Anglers | Trophy Anglers |
| Attribute | Size of Market | | 25,010,111 | | 2,304,012 | 1,321,237 |
| Gender | Male | 58.6% | 59.1% | 60.9% | 68.6% | 67.0% |
| Gender | Female | 41.4% | 40.9% | 39.1% | 31.4% | 33.0% |
| Ago of | 18 to 24 | 11.7% | 11.9% | 11.4% | 11.3% | 13.3% |
| Age of | 25 to 34 | 21.8% | 22.2% | 20.8% | 19.5% | 17.9% |
| Respondent | | 19.5% | 20.0% | 20.6% 18.4% | 19.5% | 17.9% 16.4% |
| | 35 to 44 45 to 54 | 22.7% | 20.0% | 24.3% | 24.0% | 23.4% |
| | 45 to 64 | 15.1% | 14.6% | 24.3% 17.0% | 24.0% 18.7% | |
| | | | | | | 21.6% |
| Λιωτοσο Λαο | 65 + | 9.3% | 9.3% | 8.1% | 9.2% | 7.4% |
| Average Age | NA | 43.4 | 43.3 | 43.8 | 43.9 | 44.0 |
| Martial Status | | 75.4% | 74.9% | 75.5% | 69.0% | 73.0% |
| 5 | Not married | 23.7% | 24.1% | 23.1% | 28.3% | 25.5% |
| Parental | Children under 18 | 35.7% | 37.2% | 32.2% | 29.4% | 32.7% |
| Status | No Children under 18 | 64.3% | 62.8% | 67.8% | 70.6% | 67.3% |
| Education | High school or less | 22.3% | 23.3% | 19.0% | 24.1% | 20.4% |
| | Trade, Technical, Community Col. | 23.4% | 23.8% | 22.5% | 25.3% | 24.6% |
| | University | 40.3% | 39.5% | 42.7% | 33.6% | 37.3% |
| | Post Graduate | 14.0% | 13.4% | 15.7% | 17.1% | 17.7% |
| Household | Under \$20,000 | 6.9% | 7.5% | 5.0% | 6.9% | 6.0% |
| Income | \$20,000 to \$39,999 | 15.2% | 16.3% | 12.4% | 13.8% | 8.8% |
| | \$40,000 to \$59,999 | 17.3% | 17.4% | 16.3% | 18.4% | 16.1% |
| | \$60,000 to \$79,999 | 15.9% | 15.9% | 16.1% | 16.5% | 12.7% |
| | \$80,000 to \$99,999 | 12.0% | 11.7% | 13.2% | 15.0% | 12.1% |
| | \$100,000 to \$149,999 | 15.5% | 14.2% | 18.9% | 12.6% | 17.8% |
| | \$1500,00 or more | 6.5% | 6.1% | 8.9% | 6.4% | 10.3% |
| | Not stated | 10.7% | 10.9% | 9.1% | 10.3% | 16.3% |
| Average Hous | sehold Income | \$76,138 | \$73,615 | \$84,844 | \$75,248 | \$87,560 |



Travel Activity (During Last Two Years)

Anglers are slightly more likely than the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler to have taken an out-of-town trip of one or more nights during the past two years. Anglers frequently travel within their own state, to other parts of the United States and to Mexico.

Anglers are slightly more likely than the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler to have taken a trip to Canada in the past two years (17.9% versus 14.6%). They are especially likely to have taken a trip to Ontario (11.0%). In relative terms (based on the Index), they are considerably more likely than the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler to have traveled to Manitoba (Index=197), Saskatchewan (Index=182), the Yukon (Index=190), the Northwest Territories (Index=153), Ontario (Index=134) and Alberta (Index=126).

Fig. 7 Percent Traveling to Canada and Other Destinations during Past Two Years

| Pleasure | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------|--|
| | Anglers | Non-Anglers | Travelers | Index | |
| Size of Market | 32,072,450 | 138,437,791 | 170,510,241 | 100 | |
| All destinations | 92.5% | 83.8% | 85.4% | 108 | |
| Canada | 17.9% | 13.8% | 14.6% | 123 | |
| Newfoundland and | | | | | |
| Labrador | 0.4% | 0.4% | 0.4% | 104 | |
| Prince Edward Island | 0.7% | 0.6% | 0.6% | 114 | |
| New Brunswick | 1.0% | 0.8% | 0.8% | 117 | |
| Nova Scotia | 1.4% | 1.3% | 1.3% | 107 | |
| Quebec | 3.3% | 3.0% | 3.1% | 107 | |
| Ontario | 11.0% | 7.6% | 8.3% | 134 | |
| Manitoba | 1.0% | 0.4% | 0.5% | 197 | |
| Saskatchewan | 0.9% | 0.4% | 0.5% | 182 | |
| Alberta | 1.5% | 1.1% | 1.2% | 126 | |
| British Columbia | 4.9% | 3.9% | 4.1% | 120 | |
| Yukon | 1.1% | 0.4% | 0.6% | 190 | |
| Northwest Territories | 0.6% | 0.3% | 0.4% | 153 | |
| Nunavut | 0.1% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 112 | |
| Own State | 88.9% | 77.6% | 79.7% | 112 | |
| Other parts of United | | | | | |
| States | 90.7% | 90.6% | 90.6% | 100 | |
| Mexico | 16.1% | 13.0% | 13.6% | 118 | |
| Caribbean | 13.2% | 12.6% | 12.7% | 104 | |
| All other destinations | 9.3% | 9.6% | 9.6% | 98 | |



Appeal of Selected U.S. States, Canadian Provinces and Canadian Territories

The respondents were asked to rate the appeal of each of Canada's provinces and territories on a ten-point appeal scale where "10" is "Very Appealing" and "1" is "Very Unappealing". They were also asked to rate selected U.S. states (New York State, Colorado, Florida, California, Hawaii and Arizona) to provide a frame of reference.

Overall, the appeal ratings of Anglers are comparable to those of Non-Anglers. Anglers rate British Columbia and Ontario (both 6.2) as the most appealing Canadian provinces, followed by Prince Edward Island and Quebec. Relative to Non-Anglers, Anglers give higher appeal ratings to the Yukon, NWT, Saskatchewan, Manitoba and Alberta.

Both Anglers and Non-Anglers tend to rate the six reference U.S. states as more appealing than the Canadian provinces or territories, with Hawaii (8.3) receiving the highest appeal rating overall.

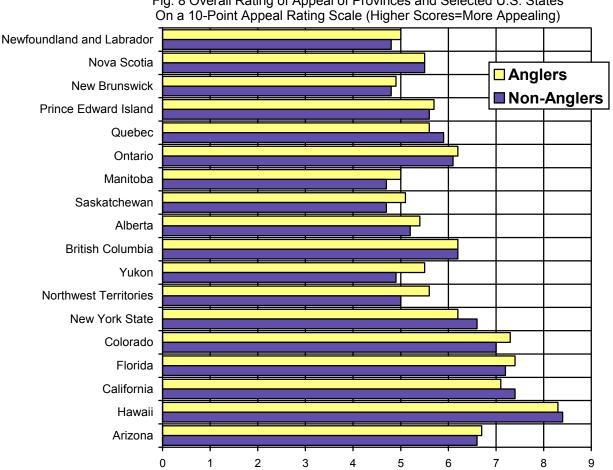


Fig. 8 Overall Rating of Appeal of Provinces and Selected U.S. States



Other Outdoor Activities Pursued While on Trips

Anglers are quite active in outdoor activities while on trips. The most popular activities among Anglers include ocean activities, wildlife viewing, boating and swimming, and hiking, climbing and paddling. Relative to the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler, Anglers are especially likely to go hunting, boating and swimming. This pattern suggests that Anglers are quite active in nature and water-related outdoor activities. They are also more active than the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler in many winter activities including extreme skiing, downhill skiing and snowboarding, snowmobiling, cross-country skiing and snowshoeing. Their relatively high participation rate in winter activities partially reflects the fact that Anglers are over-represented in Alaska, the West North Central and the Mountain regions of the United States.

Fig. 9 Other Outdoor Activities Pursued While on Trips (See Appendix One for a Definition of Each Type of Outdoor Activity)

| (See Appendix One for a Definition of E | acii i ypc oi o | atabol Activity) | | |
|---|-----------------|------------------|-------------|-------|
| | Angloro | Niew American | Pleasure | Indov |
| | Anglers | Non-Anglers | Travelers | Index |
| Size of Market | 32,072,450 | 138,437,791 | 170,510,241 | 100 |
| Ocean Activities (e.g., swimming in ocean, ocean kayaking) | 53.4% | 36.4% | 39.6% | 135 |
| Wildlife Viewing | 49.2% | 31.6% | 34.9% | 141 |
| Boating & Swimming (e.g., motorboating, swimming in lakes) | 47.8% | 14.8% | 21.0% | 227 |
| Hiking, Climbing & Paddling | 37.7% | 20.2% | 23.5% | 161 |
| Games & Individual Sports (e.g., tennis, board games) | 32.0% | 20.0% | 22.2% | 144 |
| Hunting | 18.7% | 2.3% | 5.4% | 346 |
| Exercising and Jogging | 18.2% | 13.1% | 14.1% | 129 |
| Golfing | 17.5% | 9.1% | 10.7% | 164 |
| Snowmobiling & ATVing | 16.3% | 5.0% | 7.1% | 229 |
| Team Sports (e.g., football, baseball, basketball) | 13.5% | 6.6% | 7.9% | 172 |
| Downhill Skiing & Snowboarding | 12.3% | 7.0% | 8.0% | 153 |
| Cycling | 11.5% | 5.1% | 6.3% | 182 |
| Horseback Riding | 11.3% | 5.0% | 6.2% | 183 |
| Sailing and Surfing (e.g., sailing, windsurfing, parasailing) | 7.6% | 4.1% | 4.8% | 160 |
| Scuba & Snorkelling | 7.6% | 3.3% | 4.1% | 186 |
| Board and Blade (e.g., skateboarding, ice-skating) | 7.4% | 3.2% | 4.0% | 184 |
| Motorcycling | 5.6% | 2.5% | 3.1% | 184 |
| Cross-country Skiing & Snowshoeing | 3.7% | 1.4% | 1.9% | 200 |
| Extreme Air Sports (e.g., parachuting, bungee jumping) | 3.1% | 1.4% | 1.7% | 178 |
| Extreme Skiing (e.g., heli-skiing, overnight x-country trips) | 0.8% | 0.2% | 0.3% | 252 |



Outdoor Activities Pursued While Not on Trips

The comparatively high level of activity among those who fish while on trips is also apparent when they are NOT traveling. Thus, in addition to being very likely to fish when not on a trip, most Anglers frequently go on day outings to parks, go swimming, garden at home, and exercise at home or at a fitness club. As well, relative to the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler, Anglers are much more likely to participate in nature-oriented activities when not on trips, including hunting, snowmobiling, ATVing, canoeing and kayaking and camping. This pattern appears to reflect the fact that Anglers are over-represented in Alaska, the West North Central and the Mountain regions of the United States, where they would have ready access to the types of environments required to participate in these activities.

Fig. 10 Outdoor Activities Pursued While NOT on Trips

| _ | Anglers | Non-Anglers | Pleasure Travelers | Index |
|--|------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------|
| Size of Market | 32,072,450 | 138,437,791 | 170,510,241 | 100 |
| Fishing | 78.9% | 22.1% | 32.8% | 241 |
| Day outing to a park | 69.5% | 61.6% | 63.1% | 110 |
| Swimming | 66.8% | 54.1% | 56.5% | 118 |
| Gardening | 60.6% | 51.4% | 53.1% | 114 |
| Exercising at home or at a fitness club | 55.4% | 56.2% | 56.0% | 99 |
| Picnicking | 54.6% | 46.1% | 47.7% | 114 |
| Camping | 49.1% | 21.5% | 26.7% | 184 |
| Hiking | 42.8% | 30.1% | 32.5% | 132 |
| Sailing or other boating | 39.5% | 15.4% | 20.0% | 198 |
| Cycling | 29.6% | 21.3% | 22.9% | 130 |
| Hunting | 29.5% | 7.7% | 11.8% | 250 |
| Golfing | 25.0% | 16.7% | 18.3% | 137 |
| Riding an all-terrain vehicle (ATV) | 22.2% | 9.0% | 11.5% | 193 |
| Jogging | 21.9% | 19.0% | 19.5% | 112 |
| Playing team sports | 21.0% | 14.6% | 15.8% | 133 |
| Playing racquet sports (e.g., tennis or badminton) | 15.6% | 12.6% | 13.2% | 118 |
| Canoeing or kayaking | 14.8% | 6.2% | 7.8% | 189 |
| Horseback riding | 13.5% | 7.4% | 8.6% | 158 |
| Rollerblading | 9.7% | 6.8% | 7.3% | 133 |
| Downhill skiing | 8.1% | 5.2% | 5.7% | 141 |
| Ice skating | 6.6% | 5.2% | 5.5% | 120 |
| Snowmobiling | 6.6% | 2.6% | 3.3% | 198 |
| Snowboarding | 4.3% | 2.3% | 2.7% | 161 |
| Cross-country skiing | 4.1% | 2.1% | 2.5% | 165 |
| Skateboarding | 3.9% | 1.8% | 2.2% | 180 |



Culture and Entertainment Activities Pursued While on Trips

Anglers were slightly more active in cultural and entertainment activities than the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler. Anglers were especially more likely to have participated in activities with a western or rural theme (e.g., equestrian and western events, agrotourism), participatory historical activities and aboriginal cultural experiences. They were also more likely than the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler to have attended sporting events while on trips (e.g., amateur tournaments, national and international sporting events, professional sporting events).

Fig. 11 Cultural and Entertainment Activities Pursued While on Trips (See Appendix Two for a Definition of Each Type of Culture & Entertainment Activity)

| (Goo', ppolitik i ilo ioi a Boiiii | , | | Pleasure | |
|---|------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | Anglers | Non-Anglers | Travelers | Index |
| Size of Market | 32,072,450 | 138,437,791 | 170,510,241 | 100 |
| Casino, Theatre and Comedy Clubs | 33.2% | 30.1% | 30.7% | 108 |
| Theme Parks & Exhibits | 21.8% | 22.0% | 22.0% | 99 |
| Fine Dining and Spas | 20.9% | 19.7% | 19.9% | 105 |
| Fairs and Festivals | 20.8% | 18.8% | 19.2% | 109 |
| Rock Concerts and Recreational Dancing | 17.9% | 12.9% | 13.8% | 129 |
| Equestrian & Western Events | 17.6% | 10.8% | 12.1% | 146 |
| Wine, Beer and Food Tastings | 16.8% | 14.7% | 15.1% | 111 |
| Science and Technology Exhibits | 16.6% | 14.9% | 15.2% | 110 |
| Historical Sites, Museums & Art Galleries | 15.6% | 14.5% | 14.7% | 106 |
| Shopping and Dining | 14.4% | 16.5% | 16.1% | 89 |
| Professional Sporting Events | 14.3% | 10.5% | 11.2% | 128 |
| Agro-Tourism | 14.3% | 9.6% | 10.5% | 136 |
| Garden Theme Attractions | 13.4% | 10.9% | 11.3% | 118 |
| Amateur Tournaments | 10.3% | 6.4% | 7.1% | 145 |
| Theatre, Film & Musical Festivals | 8.6% | 6.4% | 6.8% | 126 |
| High Art Performances | 8.5% | 7.4% | 7.6% | 112 |
| Archaeological Digs & Sites | 6.3% | 4.7% | 5.0% | 126 |
| Aboriginal Cultural Experiences | 5.5% | 3.8% | 4.2% | 131 |
| Participatory Historical Activities | 4.8% | 3.0% | 3.4% | 143 |
| National & International Sporting Events | 2.4% | 1.5% | 1.7% | 145 |



Culture and Entertainment Activities Pursued While Not On Trips

Anglers pursued a relatively narrow range of cultural and entertainment activities while NOT traveling during the past two years. However, relative to the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler, Anglers were much more likely to have gone to a rodeo. They also exhibited an above-average interest in overnight stays at a local hotel or B&B, going to bars with live pop or rock bands and attending professional and amateur sporting events. They displayed comparatively little interest in arts performances such as live theatre, the opera, classical music concerts or the ballet. In part, this reflects the fact that high arts cultural activities are primarily located in larger urban centers and Anglers are over-represented in smaller urban and rural areas.

Fig. 12 Cultural and Entertainment Activities Pursued While NOT on Trips

| - | | | Pleasure | |
|---|------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | Anglers | Non-Anglers | Travelers | Index |
| Size of Market | 32,072,450 | 138,437,791 | 170,510,241 | 100 |
| Going out to eat in restaurants | 92.5% | 92.9% | 92.8% | 100 |
| Going to festivals or fairs | 68.2% | 64.8% | 65.5% | 104 |
| Going to zoos or aquariums | 49.7% | 44.7% | 45.6% | 109 |
| Going to amateur sporting events | 48.5% | 37.9% | 39.9% | 122 |
| Going to historic sites or heritage buildings | 41.6% | 39.8% | 40.1% | 104 |
| Going to amusement or theme parks | 41.1% | 37.4% | 38.1% | 108 |
| Going to professional sporting events | 40.7% | 33.5% | 34.9% | 117 |
| Going to pick-your-own farms or farmers' market | 36.0% | 30.6% | 31.6% | 114 |
| Going to museums | 35.9% | 37.9% | 37.5% | 96 |
| Going to gamble in casinos | 32.0% | 27.1% | 28.0% | 114 |
| Going to bars with live pop or rock bands | 29.1% | 22.3% | 23.6% | 123 |
| Going to art galleries or art shows | 25.3% | 28.3% | 27.8% | 91 |
| Going to rock music concerts | 24.9% | 20.5% | 21.3% | 117 |
| Going to live theatre | 24.2% | 30.3% | 29.2% | 83 |
| Going dancing | 23.1% | 20.3% | 20.8% | 111 |
| Going to botanical gardens | 20.4% | 19.9% | 20.0% | 102 |
| Going to rodeos | 14.0% | 6.9% | 8.2% | 171 |
| Going to classical music concerts | 13.4% | 15.2% | 14.9% | 90 |
| Staying overnight in a hotel or B&B in own city | 13.2% | 9.9% | 10.6% | 125 |
| Going to day spas | 10.6% | 10.2% | 10.3% | 103 |
| Going to jazz clubs | 7.9% | 7.9% | 7.9% | 100 |
| Going to the ballet | 6.3% | 7.2% | 7.0% | 90 |
| Going to operas | 4.9% | 5.9% | 5.7% | 85 |



Accommodations Stayed In While On Trips

Anglers were most likely to have stayed in a public (e.g., national, state, provincial, municipal) campground while on trips during the past two years. Relative to the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler, Anglers were also more likely to have stayed in accommodations in a wilderness setting, including remote or fly-in wilderness lodges or outposts, campsites in a wilderness setting or wilderness lodges accessible by car. Anglers were also more likely to have stayed on a houseboat during the past two years.

Fig. 13 Accommodations Stayed In While on Trips

| • | | | | |
|--|------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | | | Pleasure | |
| | Anglers | Non-Anglers | Travelers | Index |
| Size of Market | 32,072,450 | 138,437,791 | 170,510,241 | 100 |
| A Public Campground in a National, State, | | | | |
| Provincial or Municipal Park | 47.2% | 30.1% | 34.8% | 136 |
| Seaside Resort | 32.9% | 39.5% | 37.7% | 87 |
| Lakeside / Riverside Resort | 32.2% | 23.0% | 25.6% | 126 |
| A Private Campground | 27.3% | 18.5% | 20.9% | 131 |
| Ski Resort or Mountain Resort | 16.6% | 19.1% | 18.4% | 90 |
| A Camp Site in a Wilderness Setting (Not a | | | | |
| Campground) | 16.5% | 7.0% | 9.6% | 171 |
| A Motor Home or RV while Traveling or | | | | |
| Touring (Not a Camping Trip) | 11.8% | 7.6% | 8.7% | 135 |
| Wilderness Lodge You Can Drive to by Car | 10.4% | 6.0% | 7.2% | 145 |
| Health Spa | 6.0% | 6.6% | 6.5% | 93 |
| Farm or Guest Ranch | 5.8% | 3.5% | 4.1% | 141 |
| On a Houseboat | 5.0% | 2.1% | 2.9% | 172 |
| Country Inn or Resort with Gourmet | | | | |
| Restaurant | 4.2% | 4.0% | 4.1% | 104 |
| Remote or Fly-In Wilderness Lodge | 3.2% | 1.1% | 1.7% | 191 |
| Remote or Fly-In Wilderness Outpost | 2.2% | 0.4% | 0.9% | 239 |
| Cooking School | 1.9% | 0.9% | 1.2% | 165 |
| Wine Tasting School | 1.3% | 0.7% | 0.9% | 151 |



Tours and Cruises Taken During Past Two Years

Anglers frequently reported taking tours or cruises while on trips during the past two years. They were most likely to have taken self-guided or organized sameday tours, tours around a city or scenic drives in the country. Relative to the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler, Anglers were more likely to have taken some of the more unusual cruises, including a Great Lakes cruise, a submarine cruise and a St. Lawrence River cruise. They were also more likely to have taken a wilderness tour, an air trip as a pilot or passenger, and a tour to a casino.

Fig. 14 Tours and Cruises Taken During Past Two Years

| Fig. 14 Tours and Cruises Taken During Past Two Years | | | | |
|---|------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | | | Pleasure | |
| | Anglers | Non-Anglers | Travelers | Index |
| Size of Market | 32,072,450 | 138,437,791 | 170,510,241 | 100 |
| A self-guided sameday tour while on | | | | |
| an overnight trip | 23.6% | 18.2% | 19.2% | 123 |
| An organized sameday guided tour | | | | |
| while on an overnight trip | 18.6% | 18.5% | 18.5% | 101 |
| Around the city | 16.5% | 15.6% | 15.8% | 104 |
| Around the country side - scenic | | | | |
| drives | 16.5% | 12.3% | 13.1% | 126 |
| A self-guided overnight tour where you | | | | |
| stayed in different locations | 13.3% | 9.7% | 10.4% | 128 |
| Wilderness tour | 11.5% | 6.5% | 7.4% | 155 |
| Some other type of tour | 10.0% | 8.5% | 8.8% | 114 |
| On the water (sightseeing cruise) | 9.6% | 7.4% | 7.8% | 123 |
| Caribbean ocean cruise | 9.1% | 9.0% | 9.0% | 101 |
| An organized overnight guided tour | | | | |
| where you stayed in different locations | 8.1% | 7.8% | 7.9% | 103 |
| An organized overnight guided tour | | 2 = 2/ | | |
| where you stayed in a single location | 7.8% | 6.5% | 6.7% | 116 |
| To a casino | 6.9% | 4.4% | 4.9% | 142 |
| To a winery | 4.6% | 3.3% | 3.6% | 128 |
| Ocean cruise - Other | 4.5% | 4.9% | 4.8% | 93 |
| Alaskan ocean cruise | 3.0% | 2.4% | 2.5% | 120 |
| Cruise on another lake or river | 2.5% | 1.9% | 2.0% | 127 |
| To a factory | 2.3% | 1.7% | 1.8% | 128 |
| Some other type of cruise | 2.0% | 1.6% | 1.7% | 119 |
| In the air as a pilot or passenger of an | | | | |
| airplane or helicopter | 2.0% | 1.3% | 1.4% | 143 |
| Great Lakes cruise | 0.7% | 0.3% | 0.4% | 176 |
| Cruise on the St. Lawrence River | 0.4% | 0.3% | 0.3% | 140 |
| Submarine cruise | 0.4% | 0.2% | 0.2% | 144 |



Benefits Sought While On Vacation

Both Anglers and Non-Anglers seek similar benefits from vacations. Thus, similar to Non-Anglers, Anglers consider it important that a vacation creates lasting memories and enriches family relationships. However, relative to Non-Anglers, Anglers are more likely to consider it important that their vacations allow them to relax and relieve stress, get a break from their day-to-day environment, find solitude and isolation and have no fixed schedule.

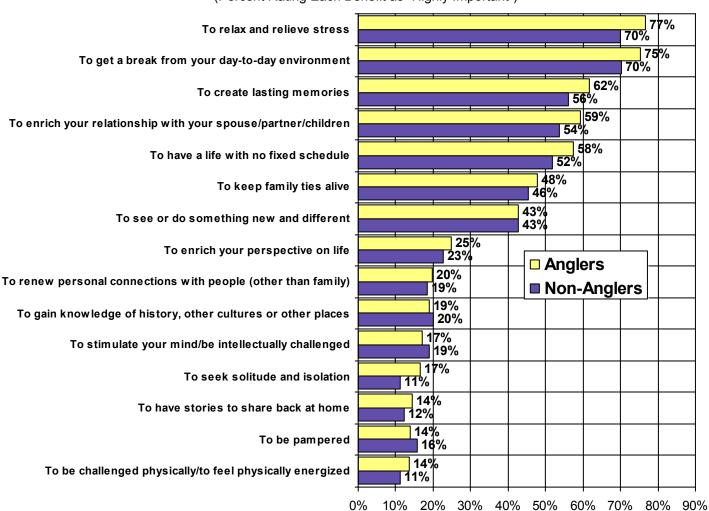


Fig. 15 Benefits Sought While on Vacation (Percent Rating Each Benefit as "Highly Important")



Other Attributes of a Destination Considered Important

The attributes of a destination that are considered highly important by Anglers are similar to those of Non-Anglers. It is important to both Anglers and Non-Anglers that they feel safe at a destination, that there is convenient access by car, that there are lots of things for adults to see and do, and that there are no health concerns.

However, relative to Non-Anglers, Anglers are more likely to consider it highly important that a destination has camping available, and lots of things for children to see and do. They are less likely than Non-Anglers to consider it highly important that the destination offers direct access by air, mid-range accommodations, great shopping opportunities, information on the Internet, or is close to friends and family.

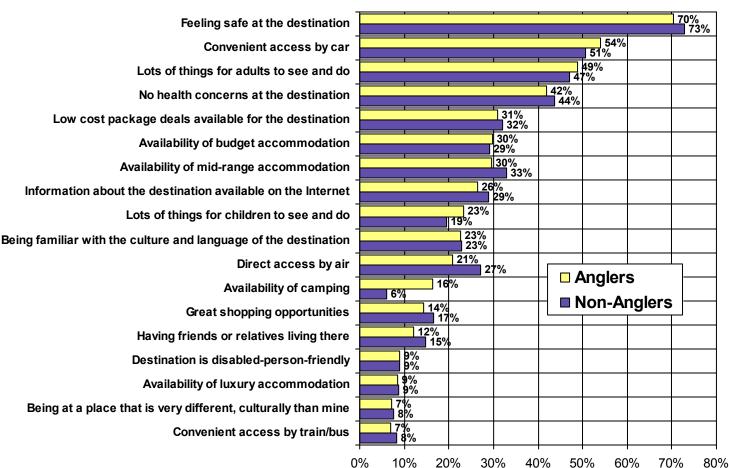


Fig. 16 Importance of Destination Attributes (% Rating Each Attribute as "Highly Important")



How Destinations Are Selected

Respondents were asked a series of questions concerning how they select destinations. Similar to Non-Anglers, the majority of Anglers start with a particular destination in mind. However, Anglers are more likely than the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler, to begin their vacation planning by considering what specific activities they would like to do.

Fig. 17 How Destinations Are Selected (Summer and Winter Vacations)

| rig. 17 How Destinations Are Selected (Summer and Winter Vacations) | | | | |
|---|------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------|
| | Anglers | Non-Anglers | Pleasure Travelers | Index |
| O' of Modest | | | | |
| Size of Market | 32,072,450 | 138,437,791 | 170,510,241 | 100 |
| Summer | | | | |
| Started with a desired destination in mind | 57.5% | 58.4% | 58.2% | 99 |
| Started by considering specific activities wanted to do | 12.1% | 9.3% | 9.9% | 122 |
| Started with a certain type of vacation experience in mind | 18.5% | 17.0% | 17.3% | 107 |
| Looked for packaged deals - no destination in mind | 1.0% | 1.1% | 1.1% | 90 |
| Considered something else first | 3.5% | 4.9% | 4.6% | 77 |
| Don't know / Other | 7.4% | 9.3% | 8.9% | 83 |
| Winter | | | | |
| Started with a desired destination in mind Started by considering specific activities | 58.0% | 59.2% | 58.9% | 98 |
| wanted to do | 15.5% | 10.2% | 11.3% | 138 |
| Started with a certain type of vacation experience in mind | 14.6% | 14.8% | 14.8% | 99 |
| Looked for packaged deals - no destination in mind | 1.7% | 1.4% | 1.4% | 117 |
| Considered something else first | 4.0% | 5.7% | 5.3% | 75 |
| <u> </u> | | | | _ |
| Don't know / Other | 6.2% | 8.8% | 8.3% | 75 |



Trip Planning and Information Sources Consulted

Of those who fish, 57.0% participate in the planning of a vacation trip, although this is more likely to be a shared responsibility (20.0%) than is the case for the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler. The most frequently consulted source of information is the Internet, although past experience and the advice of family and friends are also taken into consideration by the majority of Anglers. Compared to the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler, Anglers are more likely to obtain information about travel from trade, travel and sports shows, and television programs and advertising.

Fig. 18 Who Plans Vacations and Information Sources Consulted

| | - | | | Pleasure | |
|-------------|--|------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | | Anglers | Non-Anglers | Travelers | Index |
| | Size of Market | 32,072,450 | 138,437,791 | 170,510,241 | 100 |
| Who Plans | Respondent plans trips | 37.0% | 39.7% | 39.2% | 95 |
| Trips? | Trip planning a shared responsibility | 20.0% | 17.0% | 17.6% | 113 |
| | Someone else plans trips | 43.0% | 43.3% | 43.2% | 100 |
| Information | An Internet website | 75.9% | 76.0% | 76.0% | 100 |
| Sources | Past experience / Been there before | 60.5% | 53.0% | 54.5% | 111 |
| Consulted | Advice of others / Word-of-mouth | 50.9% | 44.0% | 45.4% | 112 |
| | Maps | 36.4% | 31.8% | 32.7% | 111 |
| | Official travel guides or brochures from | | | | |
| | state / province | 24.7% | 19.6% | 20.6% | 120 |
| | Visitor information centres | 24.2% | 19.5% | 20.4% | 119 |
| | An auto club such as AAA | 22.4% | 24.4% | 24.0% | 93 |
| | Articles in newspapers / magazines | 21.2% | 17.4% | 18.1% | 117 |
| | Travel information received in the mail | 17.9% | 15.3% | 15.8% | 113 |
| | A travel agent | 17.8% | 18.9% | 18.6% | 95 |
| | Advertisements in newspapers / magazines | 13.2% | 10.3% | 10.9% | 121 |
| | Travel guide books such as Fodor's | 11.3% | 12.2% | 12.0% | 94 |
| | Programs on television | 10.1% | 6.4% | 7.1% | 142 |
| | An electronic newsletter or magazine | | | | |
| | received by e-mail | 6.9% | 5.8% | 6.0% | 114 |
| | Advertisements on television | 5.6% | 3.6% | 4.0% | 139 |
| | Visits to trade, travel or sports shows | 5.3% | 1.7% | 2.4% | 219 |



Use of the Internet to Plan and Arrange Trips

Most Anglers (70.4%) use the Internet as a trip planning tool. Compared to the typical U.S. Pleasure Traveler, Anglers are slightly more likely to use the Internet to plan trips but slightly less likely to use the Internet to book trips. Anglers are most likely to consult travel planning / booking sites such as Expedia, and hotel and airline sites. Anglers are more likely than the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler to book travel packages (two or more items) using the Internet. Accommodations and air tickets are the components of trips most often purchased over the Internet.

Fig. 19 Use of the Internet to Plan and Book Travel

| | rig. To occ of the internet to | | | | |
|------------------|--|------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | | | | Pleasure | |
| | | Anglers | Non-Anglers | Travelers | Index |
| | Size of Market | 32,072,450 | 138,437,791 | 170,510,241 | 100 |
| Percent Using | Does not use the Internet | 29.6% | 31.3% | 31.0% | 95 |
| Internet to Plan | Uses Internet to plan trips only | 22.7% | 19.5% | 20.1% | 113 |
| or Book Travel | Uses Internet to book part of trip | 47.7% | 49.2% | 48.9% | 97 |
| Types of | A travel planning / booking website | 54.4% | 55.9% | 55.6% | 98 |
| Websites | A website of a hotel or resort | 52.5% | 53.5% | 53.3% | 98 |
| Consulted | An airline's website | 42.9% | 46.2% | 45.6% | 94 |
| | A tourism website of a country / region / | | | | |
| | city | 39.1% | 34.2% | 35.1% | 111 |
| | A website of an attraction | 35.2% | 32.9% | 33.4% | 105 |
| | Some other website | 28.8% | 24.2% | 25.1% | 115 |
| | A cruise line website | 12.4% | 12.4% | 12.4% | 100 |
| | A motorcoach website | 1.7% | 1.2% | 1.3% | 128 |
| Parts of Trips | Accommodations | 74.4% | 71.3% | 71.9% | 103 |
| Booked Over | Air tickets | 69.2% | 70.9% | 70.6% | 98 |
| The Internet | Car rental | 40.3% | 37.4% | 38.0% | 106 |
| | Tickets or fees for specific activities or | | | | |
| _ | attractions | 29.3% | 25.7% | 26.3% | 111 |
| | A package containing two or more items | 21.3% | 17.0% | 17.8% | 120 |
| | Tickets for rail, bus or boat/ship fares | 13.0% | 11.6% | 11.9% | 109 |
| | Other | 3.8% | 2.7% | 2.9% | 130 |



Media Consumption Habits

The keen interest in outdoor and sports activities among Anglers is also evident in their media preferences. Thus, relative to the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler, Anglers are more likely to read outdoor activities and sports magazines, watch science and nature shows and sports shows on television and visit sports-related websites. Anglers also have an above-average interest in country music and sports radio programming. Anglers are more likely to watch travel-related programming on television than the average U.S. Pleasure Traveler, but exhibit average or below average interest in other travel-related media.

Fig. 20 Media Consumption Habits

| | rig. 20 Media conour | | | Pleasure | |
|-----------------|--|------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | | Anglers | Non-Anglers | Travelers | Index |
| | Size of Market | 32,072,450 | 138,437,791 | 170,510,241 | 100 |
| Newspaper | Reads daily newspaper | 59.7% | 59.9% | 59.9% | 100 |
| Readership | Reads weekend edition of newspaper | 55.6% | 55.5% | 55.5% | 100 |
| | Reads local neighbourhood or | | | | |
| | community newspapers | 52.8% | 48.8% | 49.5% | 107 |
| | Reads other types of newspapers | 14.4% | 13.7% | 13.9% | 104 |
| | Frequently or occasionally reads travel section of daily newspaper | 44.7% | 42.6% | 43.0% | 104 |
| | Frequently or occasionally reads travel section of weekend newspaper | 51.1% | 48.9% | 49.3% | 104 |
| Types of | Outdoor activities / sports | 22.3% | 8.0% | 10.7% | 208 |
| Magazines | Photography and video | 5.0% | 3.6% | 3.9% | 129 |
| Read | Professional sports | 15.9% | 11.9% | 12.6% | 126 |
| (Top 5 Indexed) | Automobile and cycle magazines | 24.9% | 18.8% | 20.0% | 125 |
| | Science and geography | 17.1% | 13.3% | 14.0% | 122 |
| Type of | Science & nature shows | 46.4% | 34.5% | 36.8% | 126 |
| Television | Sports / sports shows | 53.5% | 43.1% | 45.0% | 119 |
| Programs | History | 50.8% | 43.6% | 45.0% | 113 |
| Watched | Science fiction / Fantasy shows | 27.0% | 23.2% | 24.0% | 113 |
| (Top 5 Indexed) | Travel shows | 32.3% | 28.2% | 28.9% | 111 |
| Type of | Country music | 42.3% | 30.2% | 32.4% | 130 |
| Radio | All sports | 15.0% | 11.2% | 11.9% | 126 |
| Programs | Modern rock / Alternative rock | 39.0% | 31.5% | 32.9% | 119 |
| Listened To | Oldies (50s, 60s, 70s, 80s) | 48.1% | 42.8% | 43.8% | 110 |
| (Top 5 Indexed) | Multicultural | 4.9% | 4.7% | 4.7% | 104 |
| Types of | Sites for specific activities or interests | 44.3% | 29.7% | 32.5% | 136 |
| Websites | Sports | 34.9% | 28.8% | 30.0% | 117 |
| Visited | Weather | 62.1% | 57.6% | 58.5% | 106 |
| (Top 5 Indexed) | House and home | 30.3% | 28.4% | 28.7% | 106 |
| | Games | 42.3% | 40.4% | 40.8% | 104 |



| Activity Segment | Activities in Segment | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Golfing | Played During a Stay at a Golf Resort with Overnight Stay | Golf Tour Package to Play on Various Courses | |
| | Played an Occasional Game While on a Trip | | |
| Hunting | Hunting for Small Game | Hunting for Birds | |
| | Hunting for Big Game | | |
| Fishing | Fresh-Water Fishing | Salt-Water Fishing | |
| | Ice Fishing | Trophy Fishing | |
| | Viewing Land Based Animals | Bird Watching | |
| Wildlife Viewing | Whale Watching & Other Marine Life | Visited National, Provincial / State Park | |
| | Wildflowers / Flora Viewing | Viewing Northern Lights | |
| | Mountain Climbing / Trekking | Fresh Water Kayaking / Canoeing | |
| Hiking, Climbing & | Rock Climbing | White Water Rafting | |
| Paddling | Hiking / Backpacking in Wilderness Setting With Overnight Camping or Lodging | Same Day Hiking Excursion While on a Trip of 1+ Nights | |
| | Ice Climbing | Wilderness Skills Courses | |
| Boating & Swimming | Motorboating | Swimming in Lakes | |
| Boating & Ownmining | Water Skiing | | |
| Ocean Activities | Swimming in Oceans | Snorkelling in Sea / Ocean | |
| Ocean Activities | Sunbathing, Sitting on a Beach | Ocean Kayaking or Canoeing | |
| Sailing & Surfing | Sailing | Parasailing | |
| Saming & Surming | Wind Surfing | Kite Surfing | |
| Scuba & Snorkelling | Scuba Diving in Lakes / Rivers | Scuba Diving in Sea / Ocean | |
| ocaba & onorkening | Snorkelling in Lakes / Rivers | | |
| Exercising & Jogging | Working Out in Fitness Centre | Jogging or Exercising Outdoors | |
| Cycling | Overnight Touring Trip | Recreational - Same Day Excursion | |
| | Mountain Biking | | |
| Motorcycling | Overnight Touring Trip | Same Day Excursion | |
| Horseback Riding | With an Overnight Stop | Same Day Excursion | |
| Snowmobiling & ATVing | All Terrain Vehicle - Overnight Touring Trip | Snowmobiling As an Overnight Touring Trip | |
| Showmobiling & ATVING | All Terrain Vehicle - Same Day Excursion | Snowmobiling Day Use on Organized Trail | |
| Downhill Skiing & Snowboarding | Snowboarding | Downhill Skiing | |
| Cross-country Skiing & Snowshoeing | Cross-country Skiing | Snowshoeing | |
| Extreme Skiing | Heli-Skiing | Cross Country or Back Country as an | |
| _ | Ski Jouring | Overnight Touring Trip | |
| Hockey, Skating, | Ice Hockey | In-Line / Rollerblading | |
| Rollerblading & Skateboarding | Ice Skating | Skateboarding | |
| Extreme Air Sports | Parachuting | Hot Air Ballooning | |
| | Hang Gliding | Bungee Jumping | |
| Team Sports | Football | Basketball | |
| Touri oporto | Baseball or Softball | Soccer | |
| | Board Games | Badminton | |
| Games & Individual Sports | Volleyball | Tennis | |
| | Beach Volleyball | Mini-Golf | |
| | Bowling | | |



| Appendix Two | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| U.S. TAMS 2006 Culture and Entertainment Segmentation | | | | |
| Activity Segment | Activities in Segment | | | |
| | Well-known Historic Sites or Buildings | Well-known Natural Wonders | | |
| Historical Sites, Museums | Other Historic Sites, Monuments and Buildings | Historical Replicas of Cities or Towns With Historic Re-Enactments | | |
| & Art Galleries | Strolling Around a City to Observe Buildings and Architecture | Museum - Military / War Museums | | |
| | Museum - General History or Heritage Museums | Art Galleries | | |
| | Shop Or Browse - Bookstore or Music Store | Shop Or Browse - Antiques | | |
| | Shop Or Browse - Clothing, Shoes and Jewellery | Shop Or Browse - Gourmet Foods in Retail Stores | | |
| Shopping & Dining | Shop Or Browse - Local Arts & Crafts Studios or Exhibitions | Shop Or Browse - Greenhouse or Garden Centre | | |
| | Dining - Restaurants Offering Local Ingredients and Recipes | Went to Local Outdoor Cafes | | |
| | Aboriginal Cuisine (Tasted or Sampled) | Aboriginal Arts and Crafts Shows | | |
| Aboriginal Cultural Experiences | Aboriginal Heritage Attractions (e.g., Museums, Interpretive Centres) | Aboriginal Cultural Experiences in a Remote or Rural Setting | | |
| | Aboriginal Festivals & Events (e.g., Powwows) | Aboriginal Outdoor Adventure and /or Sports | | |
| | Farmers' Markets or Country Fairs | Firework Displays | | |
| | Carnivals | Ethnic Festivals | | |
| Fairs & Festivals | Exhibition or Fairs | Free Outdoor Performances (e.g., Theatre, Concerts) in a Park | | |
| | Food / Drink Festivals | Circus | | |
| Caianas 9 Taabaalaan | Science or Technology Museums | Children's Museums | | |
| Science & Technology Exhibits | Science & Technology Theme Parks | Went to an Imax Movie Theatre | | |
| | Planetarium | | | |
| | Amusement Park | Aquariums | | |
| Theme Parks & Exhibits | Water Theme Park | Zoos | | |
| | Movie Theme Park | Wax Museums | | |
| High Art Performances | Classical or Symphony Concert | Ballet or Other Dance Performances | | |
| Thigh Art i enormances | Opera | Jazz Concert | | |
| Professional Sporting | Professional Football Games | Professional Golf Tournaments | | |
| Professional Sporting Events | Professional Basketball Games | Professional Ice Hockey Games | | |
| | Professional Baseball Games | | | |
| Theatre, Film & Musical | Theatre Festivals | International Film Festivals | | |
| Festivals | Comedy Festivals | Music Festivals | | |
| | Literary Festivals or Events | | | |
| Teetings | Went to Wineries for Day Visits and Tasting | Cooking / Wine Tasting Courses | | |
| Tastings | Went to Breweries for Day Visits and Tasting | Visited Food Processing Plants (e.g., Cheese Factory) | | |
| Casino, Theatre & Comedy | Stand-Up Comedy Clubs and Other Variety Shows | Live Theatre with Dinner | | |
| Clubs | Went to a Casino | Live Theatre | | |
| Participatory Historical | Historical Re-Enactments (as an Actor) | Interpretive Program at a Historic Site or | | |
| Activities | Curatorial Tours | National / Provincial Park | | |
| National & International | National / International Sporting Events such as the Olympic Games | Curling Bonspiel | | |
| Sporting Events | Professional Figure Skating | Professional Soccer Games | | |



| Appendix Two | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| U.S. TAMS 2006 Culture and Entertainment Segmentation | | | | |
| Activity Segment | Activities in Segment | | | |
| Gardens Theme Attractions | Garden Theme Park | Botanical Gardens | | |
| Rock Concerts & Dancing | Rock & Roll / Popular Music Concert | Recreational Dancing | | |
| Archaeological Digs & Sites | Archaeological Digs | Paleontological / Archaeological Sites | | |
| | Equine (Horse) Competitions | Country/Western Music Concerts | | |
| Equestrian & Western Events | Western Theme Events (e.g., Rodeos) | Auto Races | | |
| Events | Horse Races | | | |
| | High-End Restaurants with an International | Day Visit to a Health and Wellness Spa while | | |
| Fine Dining & Spas | Reputation | on an Overnight Trip | | |
| | Other High-End Restaurants | | | |
| | Dining At A Farm | Harvesting and /or Other Farm Operations | | |
| Agro-Tourism | Went Fruit Picking at Farms or Open Fields | Entertainment Farms (e.g., Corn Maze, Petting Barnyard) | | |
| Amateur Tournaments | Amateur Sports Tournaments and Competitions | Amateur Tournaments and Competitions other than Sports-related | | |

